IMFS, Frankfurt 9 December 2015

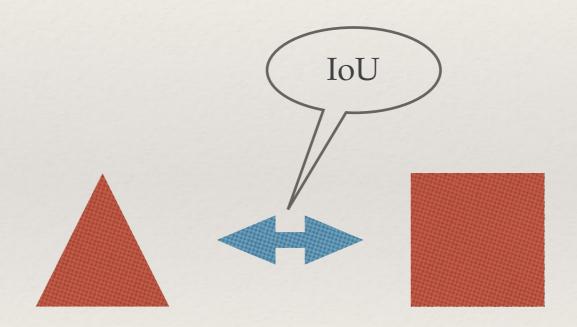
The Legal Code for Global Capital

Katharina Pistor Columbia Law School

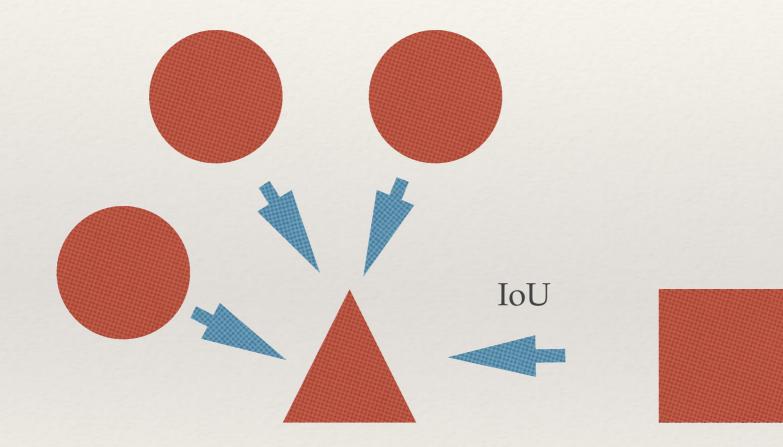
Law in Finance

- * Finance is coded in law
- Private agreements allocate rights and responsibilities between the parties to the contract, but can't impose burdens on others
- Law or Power is needed to enforce priority rights and other legal privileges "against the world"

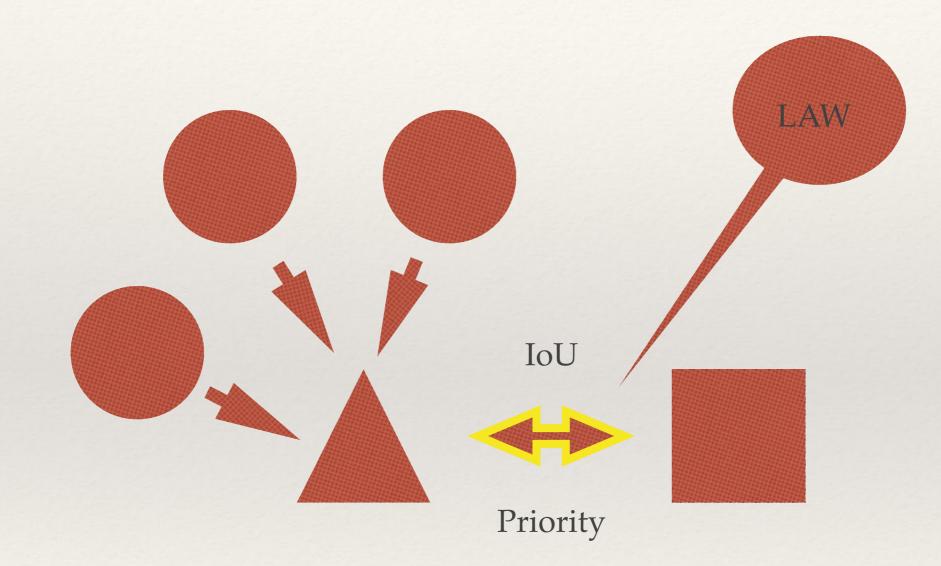
Financial Contracts



Competing Claims



A Legal Code



Property, Collateral, Trust, Entity & Bankruptcy Law

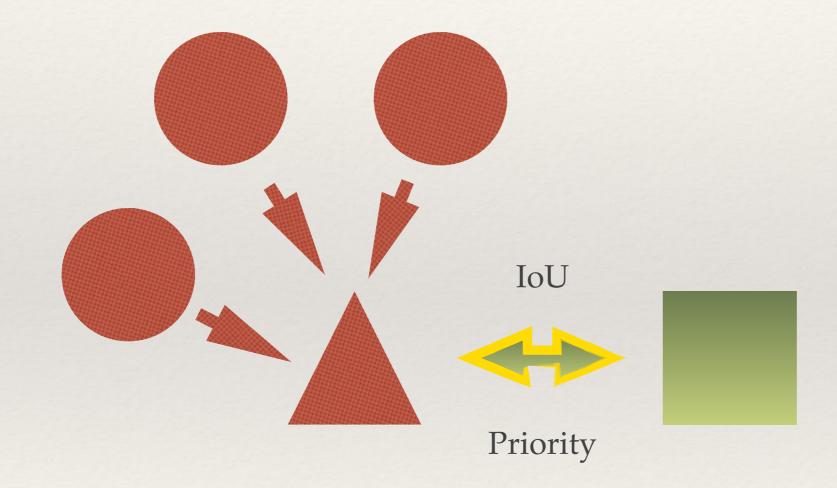
Hierarchy of Rights

- Property rights trump contractual rights
 - pull out in bankruptcy
- Secured rights trump unsecured rights
 - * priority right *in bankruptcy*
- * Within same class: seniors trump juniors
 - * first served in bankruptcy
- * Enforceable against the world

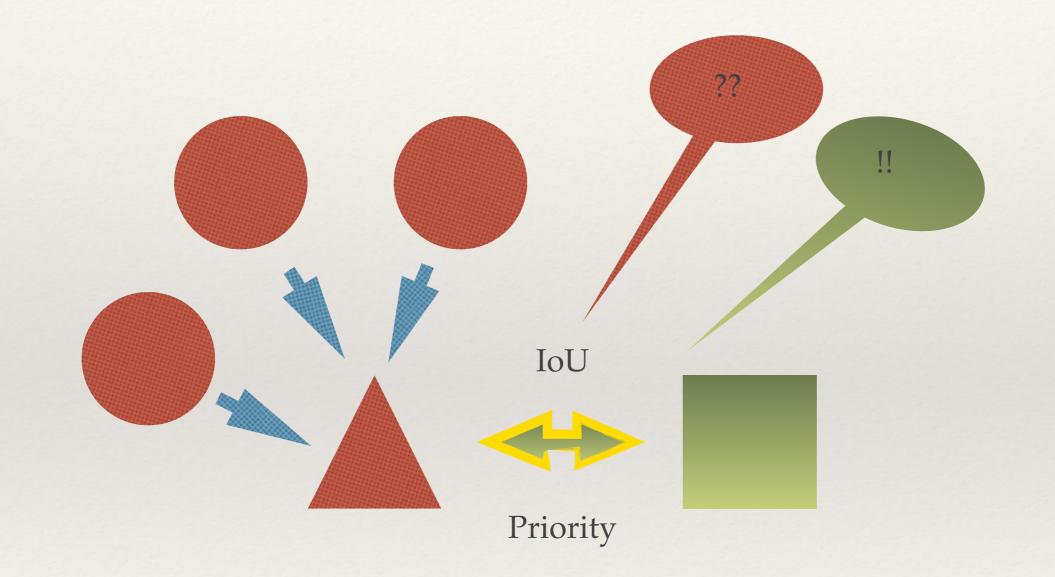
Global Finance without Global Law

- Puzzle: How is Global Finance sustained without a Global State and a Global Law?
- * Given the need to avoid a run on entities or markets and therefore
 - shield assets against competing claims
 - enforce privileged rights over others
 - across multiple legal orders

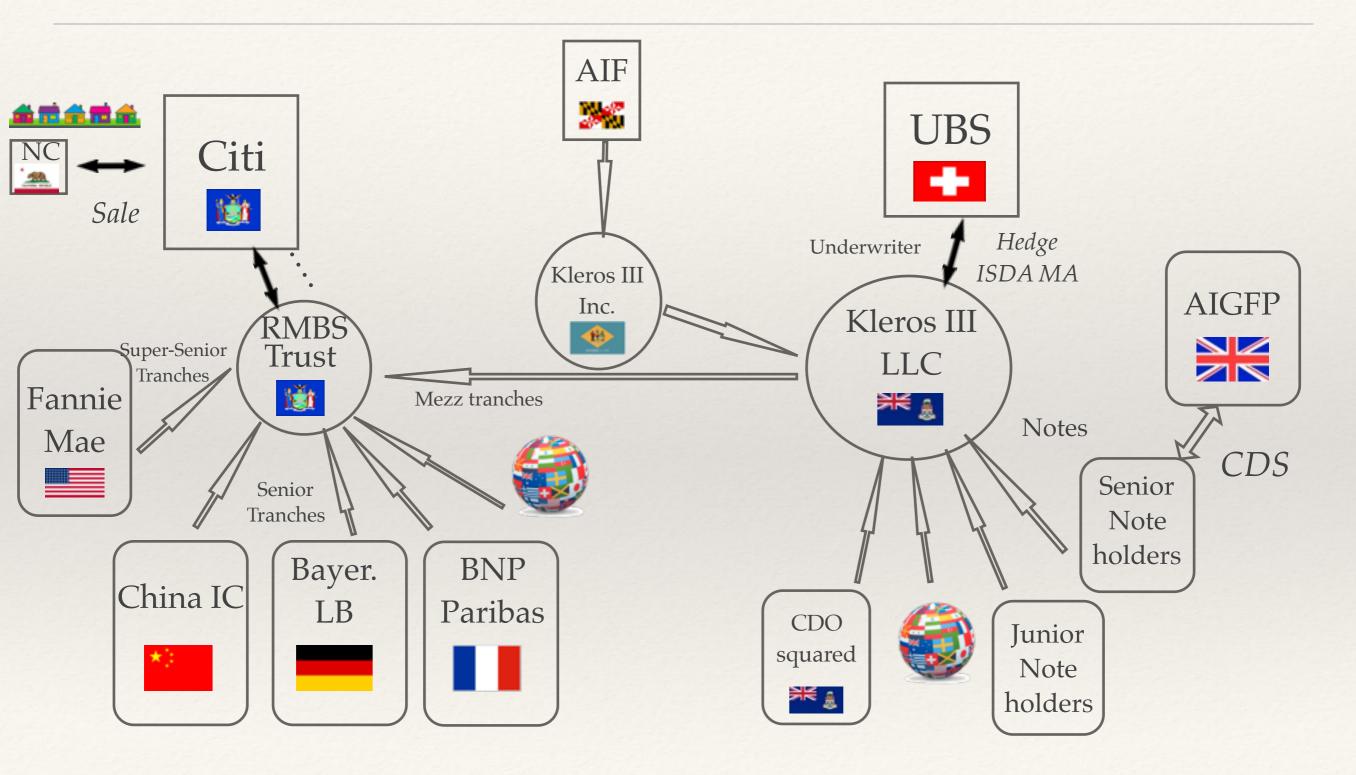
Competing Laws



Whose Law Prevails?



MBS in Global Context



Which Claim Trumps?

- * Who holds the mortgage?
- * What laws are in play?
- * Which court will decide?
- * Who has standing in court to foreclose?

Global Finance without Global Law

- Harmonization
- * Choosing a single (domestic) law for global finance
- * Private Law beyond states? Lex Mercatoria

Limits of Harmonization

- Path Dependence of Legal Systems
 - * Formal vs. substantive convergence
 - * Enforcement: home bias
- Legal sovereignty
 - * Property rights
 - * Monopoly of bankruptcy law

The Limits of Choice of Law

- Private autonomy
 - * in principle, only for contracts
- Relocating relevant activities to single jurisdiction
 - * Real things (including paper) must move physically
 - Financial assets have been de-materialized and demobilized
 - * all that moves are digitized legal claims held by intermediaries
 - * location of intermediary trumps

New Lex Mercatoria

- * Global trade and finance sustained by private contracts, private transactional lawyers and private arbitration tribunals
- Largest industry organization, ISDA, develops a "Master Agreement" for OTC derivatives that govern over 90 percent of all contracts
- Value of entitlements hinges on rights enforceable against third parties
 - * validity & enforceability of collateral
 - * close-out netting in the event of bankruptcy

Connecting the Dots

- Most aspects of the web of financial claims and counterclaims are governed by one or two legal systems
 - * England & New York
- * Their laws are recognized by other sovereign states
 - * Conflict of law rules, OR
 - * Exemptions from local law for global actors
 - * Even for matters of property law

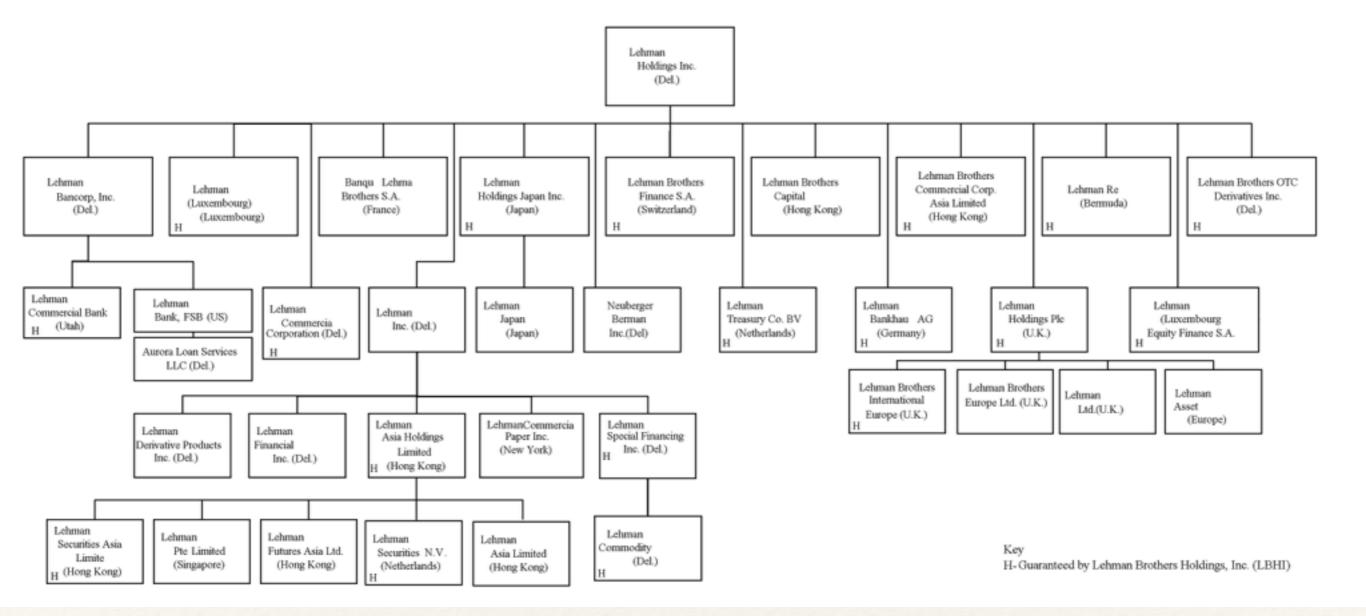
Global Finance

- Public/Official system
 - Organized around state regulation of select financial intermediaries (banks)
 - State-state coordination of regulation
- * Parallel private (shadow) system:
 - Organized around private contracts and property rights
 - Choice of governing law
 - * Priority rules enacted by regulatory competition

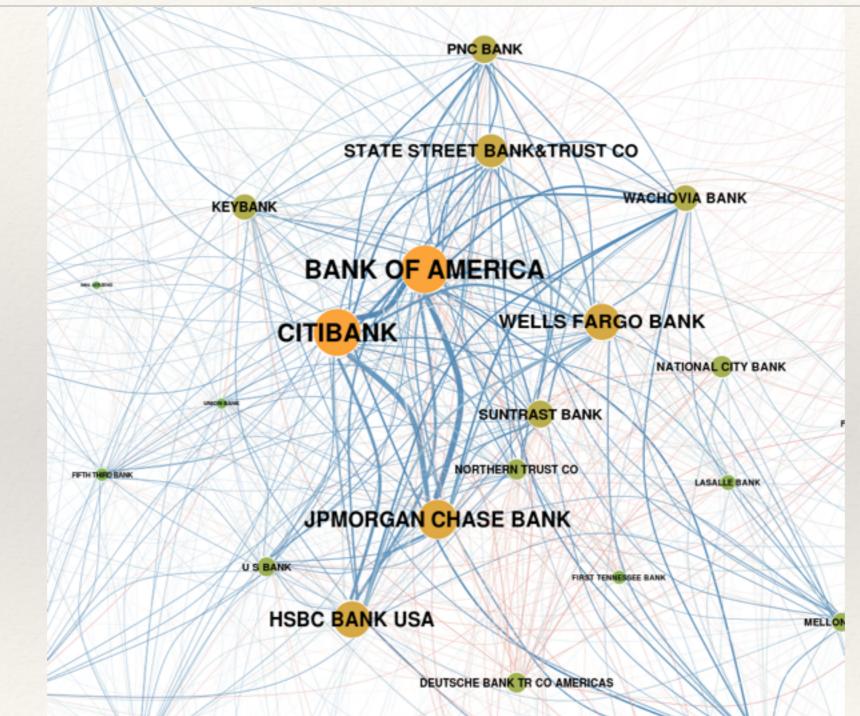
When Systems Collide

- Under BIS principles, "home country" is responsible for supervision and liquidity support
- Resolution of financial intermediaries under local law
- Yet, transnational private contracts provide for termination and close-out netting

Lehman Brothers

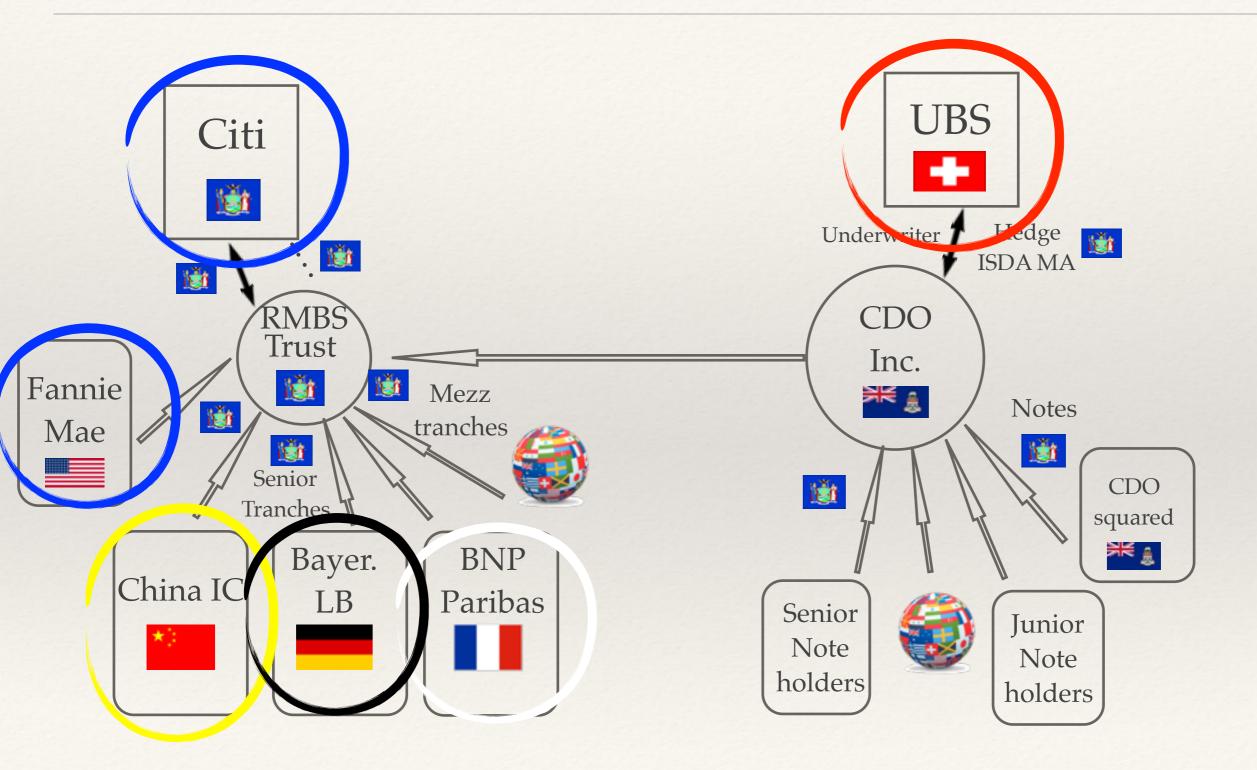


"Spaghetti Bowl" of Derivatives



The Network of Counterparty Risk: Analysing Correlations in OTC Derivatives Nanumyan, Vahan; Garas, Antonios; Schweitzer, Frank [2015], ETHZ

The Limits of National Regulators



Enhanced Global Coordination

Basel Committee on Banking Supervision



BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

















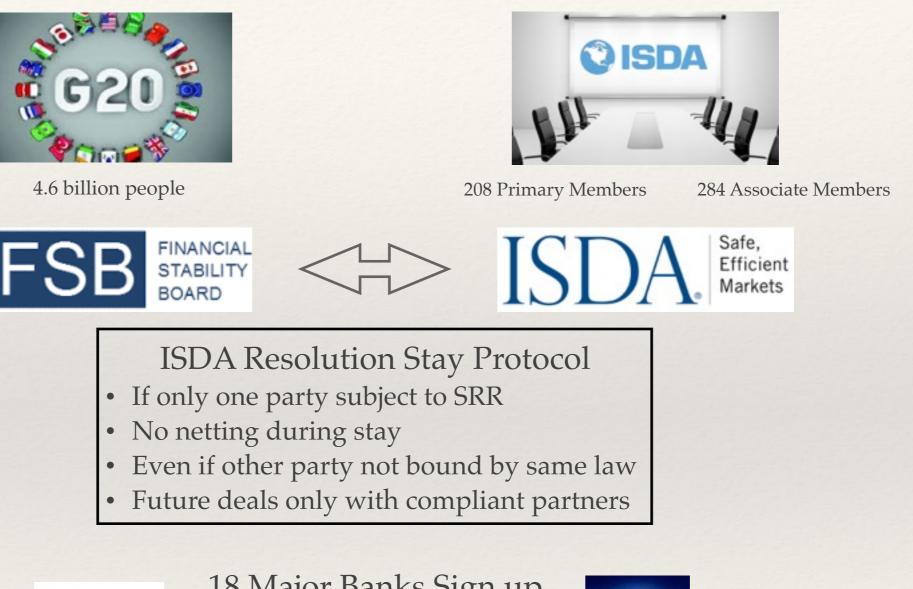
Public v. Private Regime

- Domestic Resolution Regimes
 - * Automatic stay on all claims
 - Recapitalization, stabilization of entities
- * ISDA MA Close out Netting Provisions
 - * Counter-parties don't stay, they net
 - Integrity of derivatives markets



 Can foreign counter parties still terminate and close out transactions under the Master Agreement when a domestic RR imposes a stay on the bankrupt intermediary?

Global Arms Twisting





18 Major Banks Sign up

Hedge Funds Protest



Who Should Win?

- Property rights, collateral, bankruptcy safe harbors and other legal privileges enhance the credibility of financial instruments
 - * Backbone of global finance
- * Yet, if all privileges created ex ante are enforced ex post, the system will self-destroy
 - * Law-Finance Paradox
- * It can be rescued only by invoking *ex ante* safety valves or relaxing the full force of law *ex post*

Our Global Backstops

- * Hierarchy of Global Central Banks
 - * Fed & Friends



- * Permanent FX swap lines among the C6
- * And the Rest...
 - * At the Discretion of Fed & Friends

Concluding Comments

- * Law orders social system by differentiating rights
- * Better rights trump weaker rights
- * The key normative question is who decides who gets to hold the jokers
- For finance, this question is not determined in political discourse, but in private law offices, courts and arbitration tribunals, and vindicated from time to time by laws in select jurisdictions
- * This is nothing new. What has changed is the scale and scope of this phenomenon and its implication for democratic self-governance in a world in which most states and many private actors depend on this system